

Trigonometric Inequalities (3.10) Homework

Attempt this homework by hand, but you may use a calculator/Desmos if you get stuck. For questions 8, 9, and 10, you should use a calculator/Desmos.

1. Let $f(\theta) = 3 \sin \theta + 1$ for $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$. What are all values of θ , $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$, where $f(\theta)$ is negative?
2. Let $g(x) = 2 \cos^2 x - \cos x - 1$ for $-\pi \leq x \leq \pi$. What are all values of x where $f(x)$ is positive?
3. What are all values of θ , $-\pi \leq \theta \leq \pi$, for which $\cos \theta > -\frac{1}{2}$ and $\sin \theta < \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$?
4. What are all values of θ , $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$, for which $2 \sin \theta < \sqrt{3}$ and $2 \cos \theta > \sqrt{2}$?

Solve each inequality over the interval $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$.

5. $10 \sin \theta - 1 \leq 2 \sin \theta + 5$
6. $2 \sin \theta \cos \theta - 3 \cos \theta > 0$
7. $3 \sin \theta \cos \theta - 4 \sin \theta > 0$

Solve the following by analyzing a graph using Desmos or any other graphing utility.

8. The height of the tide on Fort Lauderdale Beach today can be modelled by the function $h(t) = 5 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}(t - 7)\right) + 13$, where t is in hours since midnight and $h(t)$ is in feet. Over the course of today ($0 \leq t \leq 24$), for approximately how many hours is the tidal height greater than 16 feet? Round to the nearest whole hour.
9. Patty is bungee jumping! She jumps off a 200m tall building. As she falls, the bungee cord is stretched slowing her down until she reaches a height of 80m off the ground. At that point, the cord pulls her back up to her original height. For values of t in the interval $0 \leq t \leq 10$, Patty's height above the ground can be modelled by the function $h(t) = 60 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5}(t - 7.5)\right) + 140$ where $h(t)$ is in feet and t is in seconds. For approximately how many seconds is Patty less than 120 feet off the ground?
10. Let q be the function given by $q(x) = 4 \arctan(3x) + \pi$. Find all input values in the domain of q that yield a positive output value.

Review:

11. Let $p(x) = 6 \arctan(4x + 1)$. Find all inputs in the domain of p that yield an output of $-\frac{3\pi}{2}$.

12. Evaluate $\arcsin(1)$

13. Evaluate $\arccos\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$

14. Evaluate $\arctan\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$

Solve the equation over the interval $0 \leq \theta < 2\pi$. Write your answer in terms of $\arcsin$, $\arccos$, or $\arctan$.

15. $4 \tan \theta + 3 = 6$

16. $4 \sec \theta + 13 = 6$

17. $5 \sin \theta + 2 \csc \theta = 7$

18. $3 \sin^2 \theta + 5 \cos \theta = 5$

Trigonometric Inequalities (3.10) HW Answers

Wondering whether (0.2, 3.142) would be counted as correct if the answer is $(0.2, \pi)$? The answer is yes. As long as the first three decimal places of your answer and my answer agree, your answer is correct.

1. $\left(\pi + \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{3}\right), 2\pi - \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)\right)$

As decimal values, this is (3.481, 5.943)

2. $\left[-\pi, -\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \cup \left(\frac{2\pi}{3}, \pi\right]$

3. $\left(-\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

4. $\left[0, \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cup \left(\frac{7\pi}{4}, 2\pi\right]$

5. $\left[0, \arcsin\frac{3}{4}\right] \cup \left[\pi - \arcsin\frac{3}{4}, 2\pi\right]$

As decimal values, this is $[0, 0.848] \cup [2.294, 2\pi]$

6. $\left(\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right)$

7. $(\pi, 2\pi)$

8. The tide is greater than 16 feet over the interval $8.229 < t < 11.771$ (about 3.5 hours)

The tide is also greater than 16 feet over the interval $20.229 < t < 23.771$ (another 3.5 hours)

There are approximately 7 hours during which the tide is over 16 feet.

9. Patty is less than 120 feet off the ground over the interval $3.041 < t < 6.959$

Out of the first ten seconds after Patty begins bungee jumping, she is less than 120 feet off the ground for approximately 4 seconds.

10. $\left(-\frac{1}{3}, \infty\right)$

11. $x = -\frac{1}{2}$

12. $\frac{\pi}{2}$

13. $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

14. $-\frac{\pi}{6}$

15. $\theta = \arctan\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$ or $\theta = \pi + \arctan\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$

16. $\theta = \pi - \arccos\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)$ or $\theta = \pi + \arccos\left(\frac{4}{7}\right)$

17. $\theta = \arcsin\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)$ or $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ or $\theta = \pi - \arcsin\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)$

18. $\theta = 0$ or $\theta = \arccos\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$ or $\theta = 2\pi - \arccos\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)$